

October 31, 2003

Mr. Bill Storm  
Department of Administration  
Environmental Quality Board  
658 Cedar Street, Room 300  
St. Paul, MN 55155

Dear Mr. Storm:

HDR, Inc appreciates the opportunity to respond to the comments from Susan Heffron, PCA Technical Representative to the MEQB, on the NGPP Minnesota Biomass project.

Ms. Heffron's letter, dated October 15, 2003, requested additional information about several aspects of the proposed plant's construction and operation: type of agricultural biomass used to fuel the plant; additional information on the type of stormwater runoff controls that the plant will use; air pollution control equipment; hazardous air pollutant emissions; air emissions risk analysis; and noise calculations. Our response to these comments is as follows:

Agricultural Biomass: In addition to wood and wood wastes, the plant will also use agricultural biomass for a portion of the fuel. Agricultural biomass will consist of plant-derived materials.

Ms. Heffron also expressed some concern that the removal of corn stalks from farm fields may result in soil erosion and sedimentation in surface water from wind and precipitation. NGPP Minnesota Biomass, LLC (NGPP) does not believe that the project will result in significant erosion impacts to area farm fields. Based on discussions with parties currently collecting corn stover for animal bedding use, NGPP believes aggressive "raking" or collection of corn stover will result in excessive dirt included in the fuel, which is undesirable for NGPP's boiler operation. Therefore, NGPP intends to direct suppliers of corn stover to use less aggressive collection techniques to collect any corn stover provided to the plant as fuel. NGPP estimates that of the 3 tons per acre that remain after the corn harvest, approximately 1 ton per acre would be collected, thus minimizing the amount of dirt received with the fuel and diminishing the potential for soil erosion and sedimentation in surface water from wind and precipitation.

Surface Water Runoff: The project is still in the design phase. The primary function of the proposed stormwater pond is to meet the requirements outlined in "General Permit Authorization to Discharge Storm Water Associated with Construction Activity under the National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System/State Disposal System Permit Program" issued August 1, 2003. The chemical make up of the water reaching the pond is unknown at this time. If, as the facility design progresses, it is determined that the quality of the water expected to be collected in the stormwater pond is not of sufficient quality to discharge directly to the Le Sueur River other preventative, discharge, or treatment measures will be used. Detailed plans and specifications will be submitted with the NPDES permit application prior to the commencement of construction.

Hazardous Air Pollutant Emissions: A detailed listing of HAP emissions has been included in Appendix C of the Air Emissions Permit Application, which was submitted on August 29, 2003. The primary basis for the HAP emission factors included in the application was the EPA Compilation of Air Pollutant Emission Factors, AP42, Chapter 1.6, Wood Residue and Combustion in Boilers, 3/02. The following table provides a summary of HAPs emissions from the project.



**Table 1. HAP Emissions.**

Pollutant	Emission Factor	Emission Rate		Pollutant	Emission Factor	Emission Rate	
		lb/hr	tpy			lb/hr	tpy
Acetaldehyde	8.30E-04	0.43778	1.91749	Fluoranthene	1.60E-06	0.00084	0.0037
Acetophenone	3.20E-09	0	0.00001	Fluorene	3.40E-06	0.00179	0.00785
Acrolein	2.28E-05	0.01203	0.05267	Formaldehyde	4.40E-03	2.32078	10.16502
Anthracene	3.00E-06	0.00158	0.00693	H7CDD & H6CDD	9.48E-11	0	0
Antimony	7.90E-06	0.00417	0.01825	H7CDF & H6CDF	1.89E-10	0	0
Arsenic	2.20E-05	0.0116	0.05083	Hexane	1.76E-03	0.92831	4.06601
Benzene	4.20E-03	2.21529	9.70297	Hydrogen Chloride	1.90E-02	10.02155	43.89439
Benz(a)anthracene	6.50E-08	0.00003	0.00015	Indeno(1,2,3-c,d) pyrene	8.70E-08	0.00005	0.0002
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	1.00E-07	0.00005	0.00023	Lead	4.80E-05	0.02532	0.11089
Benzo(b,k)fluoranthene	2.00E-09	0	0	Manganese	1.60E-03	0.84392	3.69637
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	3.60E-08	0.00002	0.00008	Mercury	3.50E-06	0.00185	0.00809
Benzo(j,k)fluoranthene	1.60E-07	0.00008	0.00037	Naphthalene	9.70E-05	0.05116	0.22409
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	9.30E-08	0.00005	0.00021	Nickel	3.30E-05	0.01741	0.07624
Benzo(a)pyrene	2.60E-06	0.00137	0.00601	4-Nitrophenol	1.10E-07	0.00006	0.00025
Benzo(e)pyrene	2.60E-09	0	0.00001	OCDD	6.60E-08	0.00003	0.00015
Beryllium	1.10E-06	0.00058	0.00254	OCDF	8.80E-11	0	0
Bis(2-Ethylhexyl)phthalate	4.70E-08	0.00002	0.00011	P5CDD	9.10E-11	0	0
Bromomethane	1.50E-05	0.00791	0.03465	P5CDF	4.20E-10	0	0
2-Butanone (MEK)	5.40E-06	0.00285	0.01248	Pentachlorophenol	5.10E-08	0.00003	0.00012
Carbon Tetrachloride	4.50E-05	0.02374	0.10396	Phenathrene	7.00E-06	0.00369	0.01617
Cadmium	4.10E-06	0.00216	0.00947	Phenol	5.10E-05	0.0269	0.11782
Chlorine	7.90E-04	0.41669	1.82508	Phosphorous	2.70E-05	0.01424	0.06238
Chlorobenzene	3.30E-05	0.01741	0.07624	Propionaldehyde	6.10E-05	0.03217	0.14092
Chloroform	2.80E-05	0.01477	0.06469	Selenium	2.80E-06	0.00148	0.00647
Chloromethane	2.30E-05	0.01213	0.05314	Styrene	1.90E-03	1.00216	4.38944
Chromium	2.10E-05	0.01108	0.04851	2,3,7,8- Tetrachloro-dibenzo-p-dioxins	8.60E-12	0	0
Chromium IV	3.50E-06	0.00185	0.00809	T4CDD	4.70E-10	0	0
Chrysene	3.80E-08	0.00002	0.00009	2,3,7,8-Tetrachloro-dibenzo-p-furans	9.00E-11	0	0
Cobalt	6.50E-06	0.00343	0.01502	T4CDF	7.50E-10	0	0
Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene	9.10E-09	0	0.00002	Toluene	9.20E-04	0.48525	2.12541
1,2-Dibromoethane	5.50E-05	0.02901	0.12706	1,1,1-Trichlorophenol	3.10E-05	0.01635	0.07162
1,2-Dichloroethane	2.90E-05	0.0153	0.067	Trichloroethylene	3.00E-05	0.01582	0.06931
Dichloromethane	2.90E-04	0.15296	0.66997	2,4,6-Trichlorophenol	2.20E-08	0.00001	0.00005
1,2-Dichloropropane	3.30E-05	0.01741	0.07624	Vinyl Chloride	1.80E-05	0.00949	0.04158
7,12 Dimethylbenz(a)anthracene	1.60E-08	0.00001	0.00004	o-Xylene	2.50E-05	0.01319	0.05776
2,4-Dinitrophenol	1.80E-07	0.00009	0.00042	Yttrium	3.00E-07	0.00016	0.00069
Ethylbenzene	3.10E-05	0.01635	0.07162				

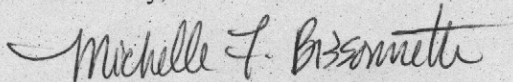
Pollution Control Equipment: The air emissions permit application submitted to the MPCA for the proposed facility contains a Best Available Control Technology (BACT) review for all applicable pollutants. NGPP is aware that final approval of the proposed BACT requirements is subject to review by the MPCA.

Air Emissions Risk Analysis: The MPCA requested that an Air Emissions Risk Analysis (AERA) be completed for the project and included in the EAW. HDR completed the AERA screening process, and NGPP submitted it to the MPCA on October 8, 2003. A copy of the AERA screening submittal is attached for your review. Based on the results of the screening, HDR believes that the project does not present a significant risk and that no more detailed analysis is required.

Noise Attenuation: HDR agrees with MPCA's comment that the windrows of fuel supply cannot be included in the noise modeling if they are removed or diminished to a level that reduces their effectiveness. HDR believes that sufficient windrows will remain to provide sound attenuation and that their inclusion in the noise modeling is appropriate. Plant layout and design will take noise attenuation into account. NGPP anticipates that noise mitigation strategies such as the location of fuel storage, landscaping and noise suppression equipment will be incorporated in the final design to ensure compliance with local and state noise ordinances.

Thank you for providing HDR with an opportunity to respond.

Sincerely,



Michelle F. Bissonnette  
Senior Environmental Consultant

Cc: Doug Ferber – NGPP  
Rus Miller – NGPP  
Susan Heffron – MPCA

Enc.